



**2022 NSCA TACTICAL ANNUAL TRAINING** #NSCATactical22

# CONFLICT OF INTEREST STATEMENT

We do not have any conflicts of interests surrounding this presentation.

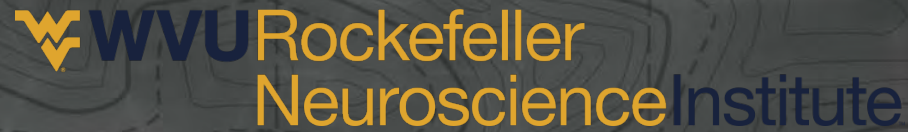
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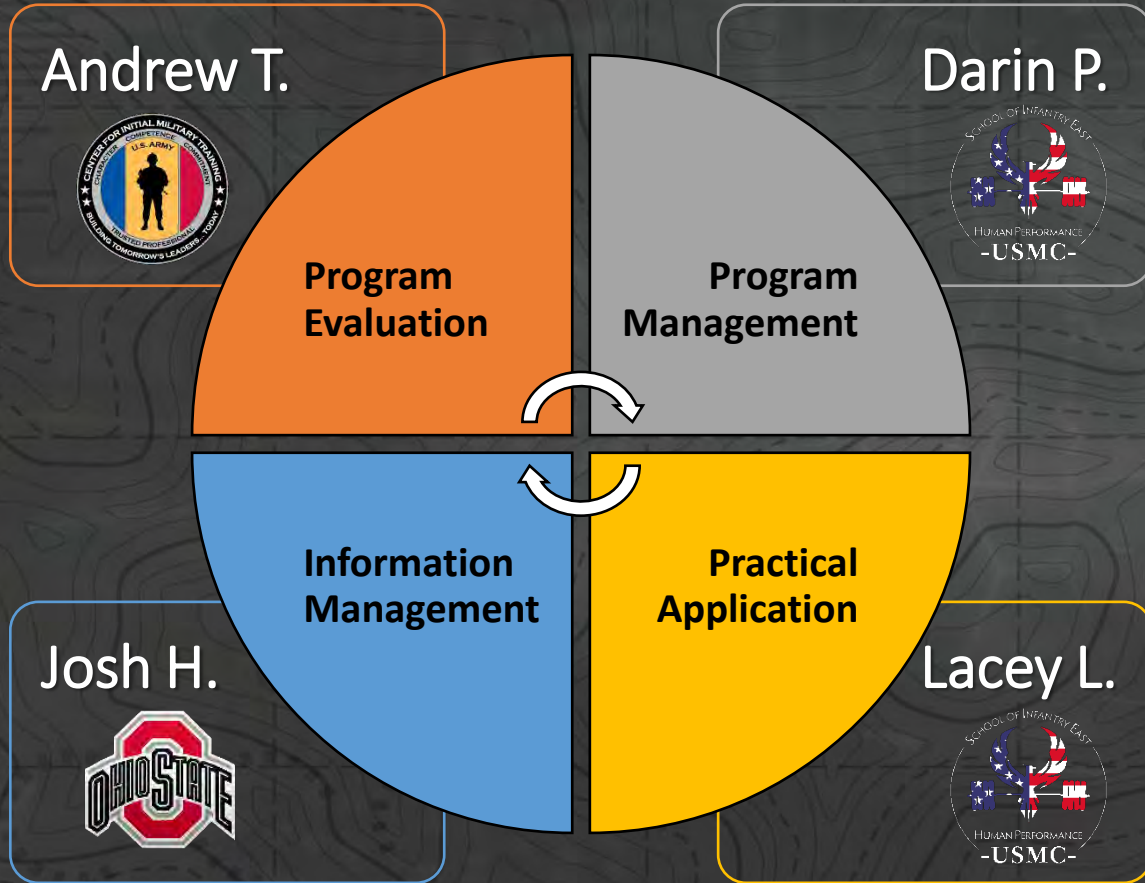
# COLLABORATION IS CRITICAL

We do have significant collaborative relationships that have helped enable the efforts within this presentation



# INTRODUCTION TO OUR TALK

## Speakers

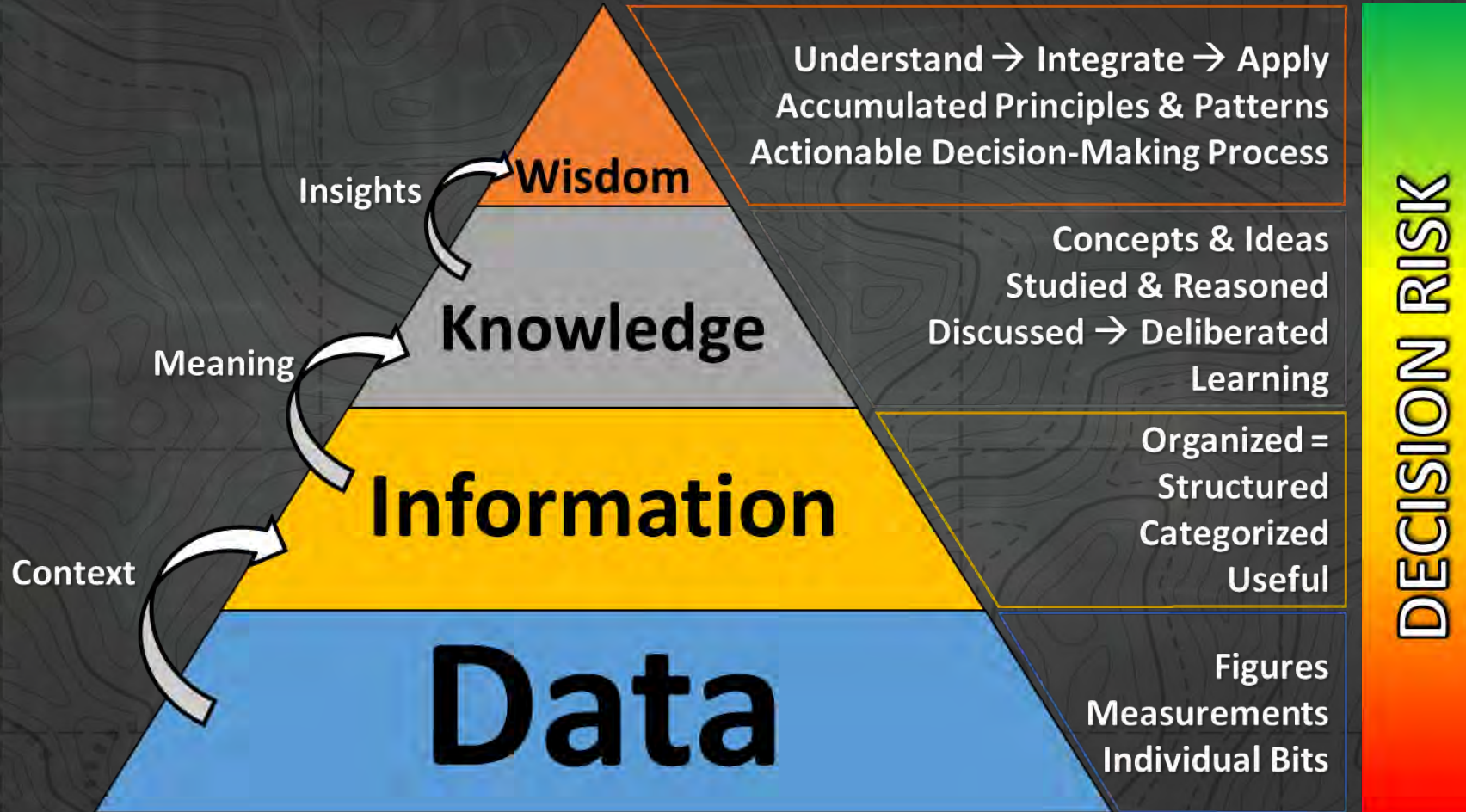


## Agenda

- A) Intro Data → Wisdom
- D) Leveraging Programmatic Support
- L) Executing for the Performer
- A) Planning for Data-driven Decisions
- J) Forward Leaning Tools & Technologies
- J) Demonstrating AMS Theory
- A) Understanding and Learning from Data
- L) Evolving the Standard of Practice
- D) Enterprise ROI & Way Forward

# DATA IS THE FOUNDATION FOR DECISION MAKING

Program Management, Application, & Evaluation



*Cleveland, H. (1982). Information as a resource. Futurist, 16(6), 34-39. | Ackoff, R. L. (1989). From data to wisdom. Journal of applied systems analysis, 16(1), 3-9.*

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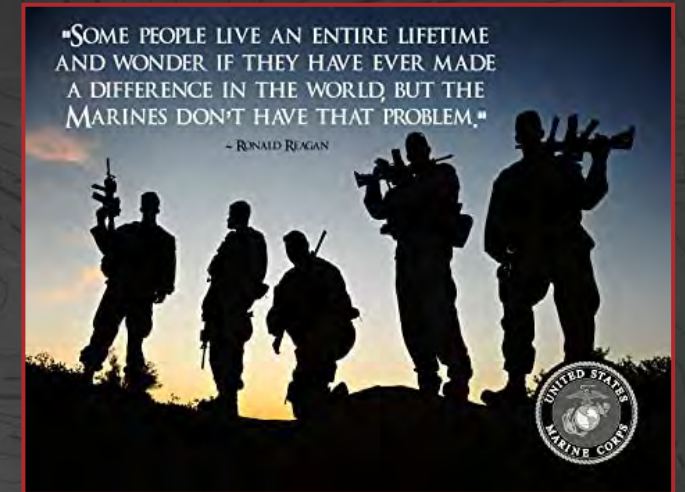
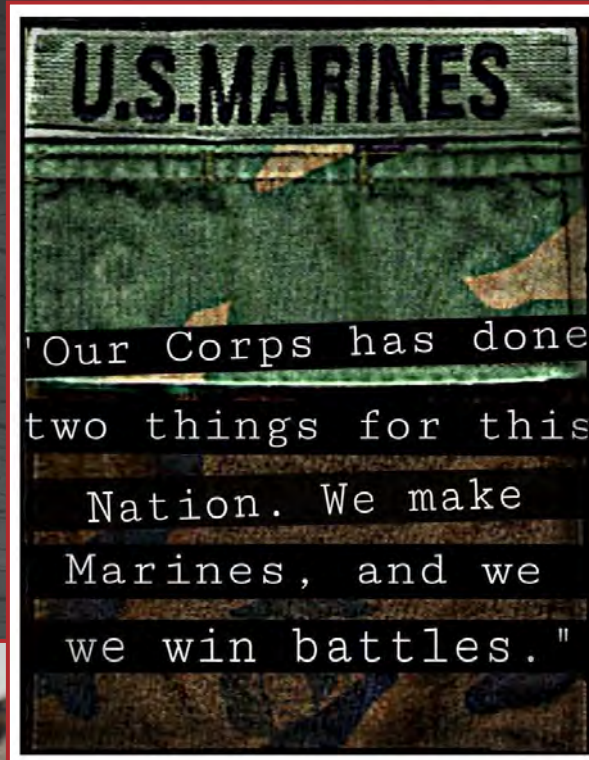
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Slide 5



# CULTURE & MINDSET

What if your team has never lost?



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# STRUCTURE



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# SOI-E HPC Growth Timeline

## Human Performance Community of Interest

- Best Practices
- Testing Protocols & Results
- Information Sharing



2008



2015



2017



2018



2023

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# DO SOMETHING NOW!

Don't Wait.

It will never be the perfect time.

Who has what we need? How do we get some of it?

# COLLABORATIVE EFFORTS

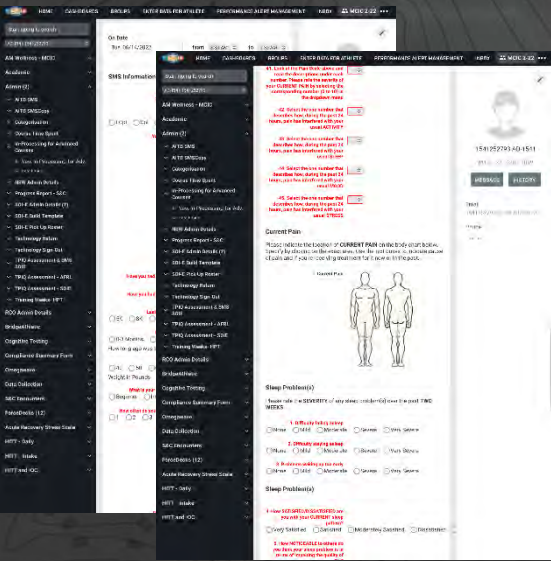
Outside vs Internal



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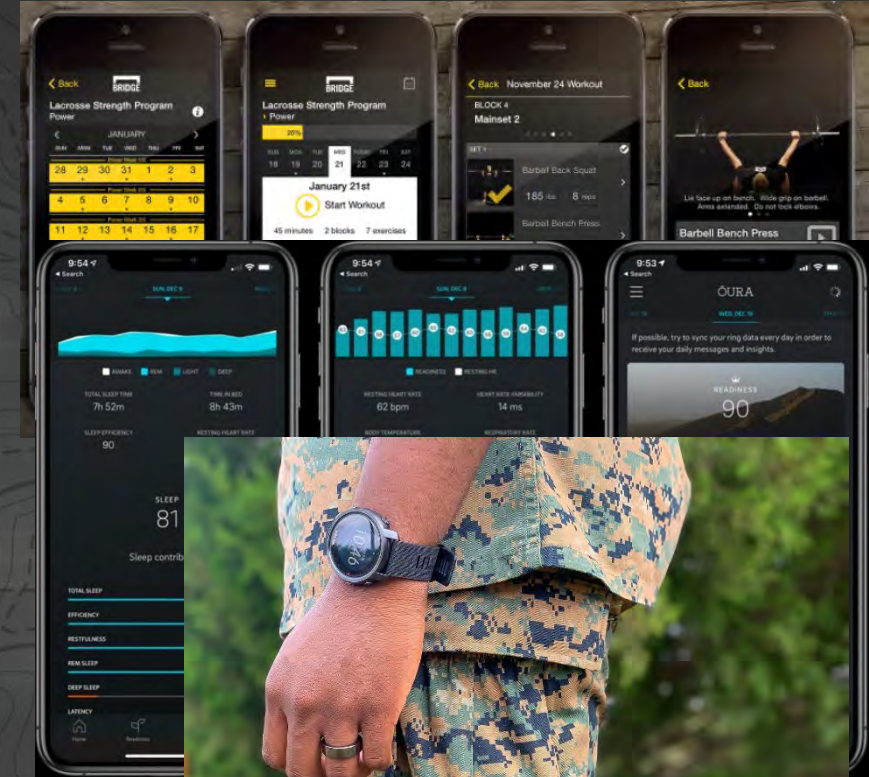
# PRACTITIONERS' POV: ASSESSMENT & MONITORING



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# IMPLEMENTING TOOLS AND TECHNOLOGIES



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# ASSESSMENT & MONITORING WITH TOOLS & TECH

## CATEGORY SCORES

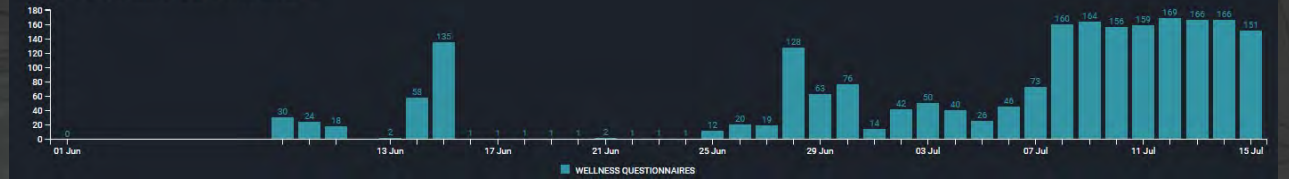
Auto Sorted by Overall Score. Click on any header to sort by Category. Green = well above class average, Red = well below class average.

| MARINE | OVERALL RATING | Upper Body Strength Rating | Lower Body Strength Rating | Lower Body Power Rating | Aerobic Capacity Rating | CFT Rating | PFT Rating |
|--------|----------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------|------------|
|        | 83             | 84                         | 75                         | P                       | 100                     | 63         | 92         |
|        | 82             | 93                         | 86                         | P                       | 100                     | 70         | 77         |
|        | 80             | 82                         | 86                         | 78                      | 84                      | 59         | 79         |
|        | 80             | 76                         | 100                        | 80                      | 100                     | 68         | 86         |
|        | 78             | 72                         | 100                        | 79                      | 100                     | 70         | 68         |
|        |                |                            |                            |                         | 93                      | 68         | 80         |
|        |                |                            |                            |                         | 64                      | 62         | 67         |

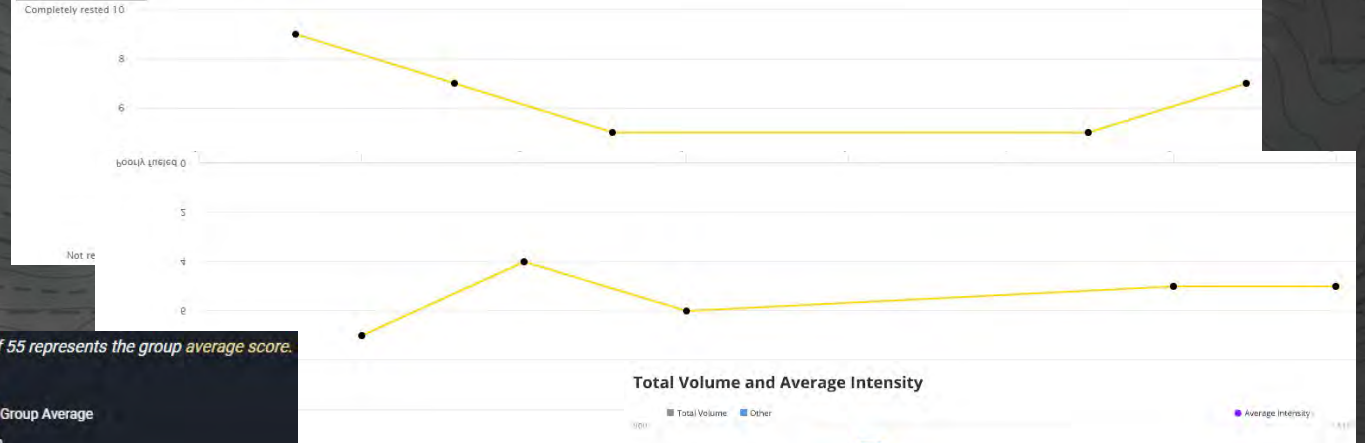
**NORMS**

- 1RM DEADLIFT GROUP AVERAGE (lbs): 269
- 1RM PULLUP GROUP AVERAGE (lbs): 36
- PFT RUN TIME (min): 21.53
- PFT RUN TIME (min) SD: 1.59

## WELLNESS QUESTIONNAIRES OVER TIME



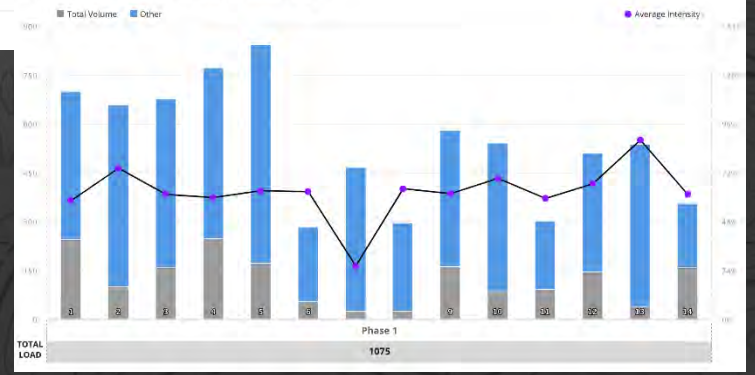
## Quality of Sleep



The larger the size of the blue circle the better. A value of 55 represents the group average score.



## Total Volume and Average Intensity



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# COLLABORATION: S&T + R&D → O&M



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# Human Performance Applied Science Team

PEOPLE ARE THE MOST IMPORTANT PART OF YOUR DATA INFRASTRUCTURE



FITNESS TESTING



FIELD EXERCISES



TRAINING PLANS



DIGITAL EVALUATION



TOOLS & TECHNOLOGIES



## DISCOVER

### Research Scientist

To design and lead innovative science and technology to ASSESS, UNDERSTAND, and IMPROVE performance, fitness, and health



## ANALYZE

### Statistician

To analyze data investigations and answer hypotheses



## EXPLAIN

### Technical Writer

To disseminate technical information throughout defense, government, and academic communities



## BUILD

### Biomedical Engineer Data Architect

To integrate data sources, efficient extraction, signal processing, and backend management



## SOLVE

### Data Scientist

To develop models, algorithms, and solve BIG DATA problems



## CONVEY

### Graphic Designer

To streamline visual information for easy communications



## DEVELOP

### Frontend Full Stack Developer

To create capabilities and interfaces for data transfer to and from performers, staff, instructors, and command

# INFORMATION AGE DECISION MAKING

Requires a Data Driven Architecture

## PROFILING

Movement Competency  
Occupational Skills  
Mindset

Power  
Strength  
Endurance



Aerobic Capacity  
Anaerobic Capacity  
Buffering

Training Age  
Nutrition  
Recovery

## MONITORING

Baseline → Daily/Weekly → Post POI



## PROGRAM EVALUATION

General Group Effects

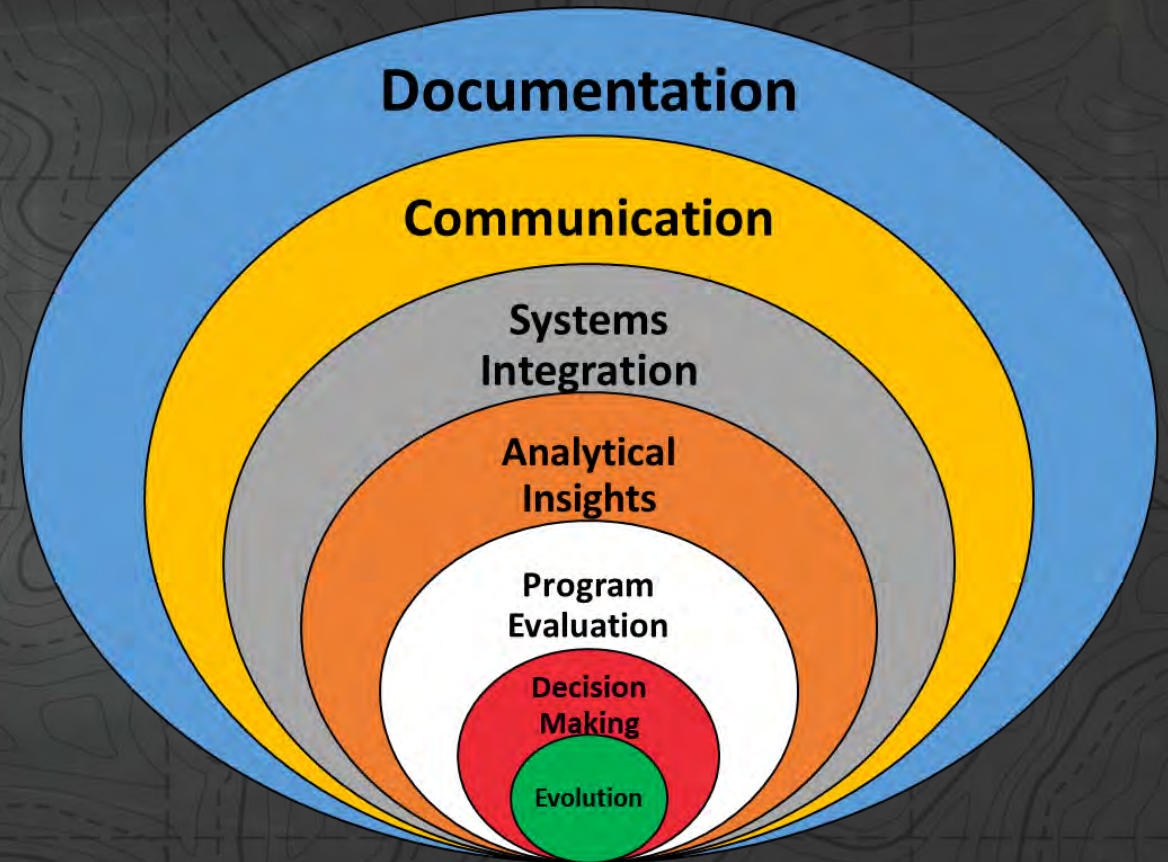
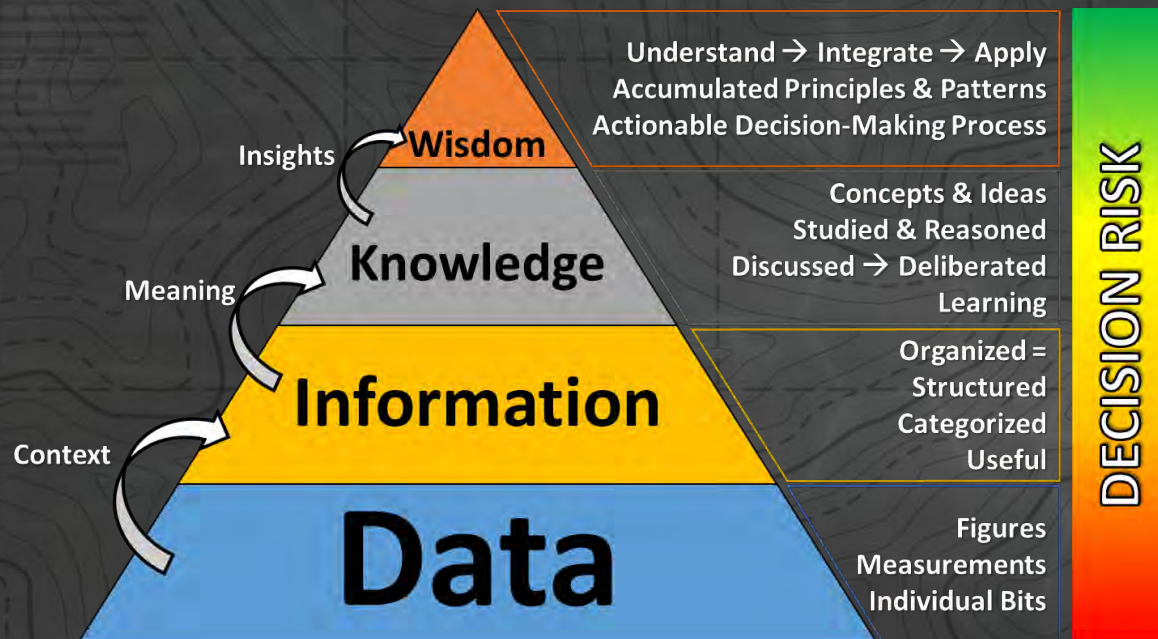
- Subjective Wellness
- Compliance
- Fitness Scores
- MSKI

Specific Group Effects

- Improved Aerobic Capability
- Increased Self Use of Recovery Tools
- Decreased Limited/Light Duty Days

# DO I REALLY NEED A DATA DICTIONARY?

## PURPOSE



Yes, You Do

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# HOW DO I CREATE A DATA DICTIONARY?

## PURPOSE

## PROCESS

## SUGGESTIONS

Documentation

Communication

Systems  
Integration

Analytical  
Insights

Program  
Evaluation

Decision  
Making

Evolution

Start General

- Data Element/Field Name
- Definition, Description, Example
- Who, What, When, Where

Progress to Specific

- Application/Why/To What End
- Data Type, Format, Accepted Values
- System Relationships, Quality Indicator Coding
- Calculations, Citations, Hyperlinks

Define Nomenclature Upfront

Each Data Element = 1 Row

No Blanks

Make a Visual Taxonomy

# DATA DRIVEN ARCHITECTURE

## DATA NOMENCLATURE

- List of terminology for filling out data dictionary

| Domain                | Application            | Timepoint/Phase     | Setting      | Source                     |
|-----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--------------|----------------------------|
| URN                   | URN                    | URN                 | URN          | URN                        |
| 1 Physical            | 1 Training Load        | 1 Baseline          | 1 HP Center  | 1 Participant Tablet Entry |
| 2 Cognitive           | 2 Acute Load           | 2 Re-Baseline       | 2 Field      | 2 Staff Tablet Entry       |
| 3 Psychological       | 3 Chronic Load         | 3 Monitoring        | 3 Laboratory | 3 Stopwatch/Timing         |
| 4 Psychophysiological | 4 Metabolic            | 4 Mid POI           | 4 Clinic     | 4 Participant Feedback     |
| 5 Spiritual           | 5 Sleep/Recovery       | 5 Post POI          | 5 Classroom  | 5 Hand Measurement         |
| 6 Nutritional         | 6 Power (Muscular)     | 6 Injury Evaluation | 6 Record     | 6 Training Record          |
| 7 Environmental       | 7 Strength (Muscular)  | 7 Rehabilitation    | 7 N/A        | 7 Polar H10                |
| 8 Behavioral          | 8 Endurance (Muscular) | 8 N/A               |              | 8 Smartabase               |
| 9 Demographic Info    | 9 Aerobic              |                     |              | 9 FD Forceplates           |
| 10 Metadata           | 10 Anaerobic           |                     |              | 10 HT Motion Capture       |
| 11 N/A                | 11 Motor Skill         |                     |              | 11 RNI Health App          |
|                       | 12 Cognition           |                     |              | 12 Oura Ring               |

## DATA DICTIONARY

- Organized structure of applicable data elements

| Element Display Name                | Element Field Name  | Description                        | HP Domain      | Application           | Timepoint/Phase | Setting    | Source                   |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------|--------------------------|
| Date of Entry                       | DateEntry           | Date on entry into database        | Metadata       | Data Tagging          | Baseline        | Record     | Smartabase               |
| Participant ID                      | PID                 | 8 digit participant identification | Metadata       | Data Tagging          | Baseline        | Record     | Participant Feedback     |
| Date of Birth                       | DOB                 | Date of birth ddmmyyyy             | Demographic II | Multi-characteristic  | Baseline        | Record     | Training Record          |
| Height                              | Ht                  | Height in boots (cm)               | Demographic II | Multi-characteristic  | Baseline        | HPC        | Hand Measurement         |
| Weight                              | Wt                  | Body weight in boots and utes      | Demographic II | Multi-characteristic  | Baseline        | HPC        | FD Forceplates           |
| Body Fat%                           | Bf                  | Jackson & Pollock 3-site skinfold  | Demographic II | Multi-characteristic  | Baseline        | Laboratory | Hand Measurement         |
| GCT Total                           | GCT_Total           | General classification test total  | Cognitive      | Cognition             | Baseline        | Classroom  | Training Record          |
| Psychomotor Vigilance               | PVT_Score           | Composite score from PVT resp      | Cognitive      | Cognitive Performance | Monitoring      | Field      | Participant Tablet Entry |
| Inhibitory Control                  | Flanker_Score       | Composite score from Flanker t     | Cognitive      | Cognitive Performance | Monitoring      | Field      | Participant Tablet Entry |
| Working Memory                      | OSPAN_Score         | Composite score from OSPAN t       | Cognitive      | Cognitive Performance | Monitoring      | Field      | Participant Tablet Entry |
| Sleep Efficiency Score              | Oura_Efficiency     | Oura provided sleep time/time      | Behavioral     | Sleep/Recovery        | Monitoring      | Field      | Oura Ring                |
| Subjective Readiness                | AM_ARSS             | Composite score from Acute Re      | Behavioral     | Sleep/Recovery        | Monitoring      | Field      | Oura Ring                |
| Average Resting RMSSD               | Avg_Rest_RMSSD      | Resting HRV (ms) from supine       | Psychophysical | Training Load         | Monitoring      | HPC        | Polar H10                |
| Average Resting HR                  | Avg_Rest_HR         | Resting HR (bpm) from supine       | Psychophysical | Training Load         | Monitoring      | HPC        | Polar H10                |
| Overhead Squat Composite score      | OHS_Comp            | Composite score of feet, knees     | Physical       | Movement Compet       | Baseline        | HPC        | HT Motion Capture        |
| V-Sit Average                       | VSit_Avg            | Average reach distance (in cm)     | Physical       | Movement Compet       | Baseline        | HPC        | Hand Measurement         |
| Loaded CMJ Height                   | L_CMJ_Height        | 20 kg loaded countermovemen        | Physical       | Power (Muscular)      | Rehabilitation  | HPC        | FD Forceplates           |
| Loaded CMJ Modified Reactive Str    | RSIMod              | Jump height divided by total gr    | Physical       | Power (Muscular)      | Rehabilitation  | HPC        | FD Forceplates           |
| Pullup 1RM Allometric Scaled        | PullUp_1RM_Allo     | Maximal pullup weight divided      | Physical       | Strength (Muscular)   | Mid POI         | HPC        | Smartabase               |
| Deadlift Est 1 RM Allometric Scaled | Deadlift_1RM_Allo   | Estimated 1 rep maxmium deac       | Physical       | Strength (Muscular)   | Mid POI         | HPC        | Smartabase               |
| CFT 880 Time                        | CFT_880             | Time to complete CFT 880 (ss.m     | Physical       | Anaerobic             | Post POI        | Field      | Training Record          |
| CFT Anaerobic Power                 | CFT_AnaerobicPower  | Running mass in kg x 9.81 m/s^     | Physical       | Anaerobic             | Post POI        | Field      | Smartabase               |
| CFT ACL Number                      | CFT_ACL             | Number of ammo can lifts com       | Physical       | Endurance (Muscul     | Post POI        | Field      | Training Record          |
| PFT Pushup Number                   | PFT_Pushup          | Number of completed pushups        | Physical       | Endurance (Muscul     | Post POI        | Field      | Training Record          |
| PFT Crunches Number                 | PFT_Crunches        | Number of completed crunches       | Physical       | Endurance (Muscul     | Post POI        | Field      | Training Record          |
| PFT PullUps Number                  | PFT_PullUps         | Number of completed pull ups       | Physical       | Endurance (Muscul     | Post POI        | Field      | Training Record          |
| PFT Plank Time                      | PFT_Plank           | Plank time in seconds (ss.ms)      | Physical       | Endurance (Muscul     | Post POI        | Field      | Training Record          |
| PFT 3 Mile Time                     | PFT_3Mile           | Time to complete 3 mile run in     | Physical       | Aerobic               | Post POI        | Field      | Training Record          |
| PFT Aerobic Capacity                | PFT_AerobicCapacity | Estimate VO2 max from 3 mile       | Physical       | Aerobic               | Post POI        | Field      | Smartabase               |

The First Component is ALWAYS Personnel

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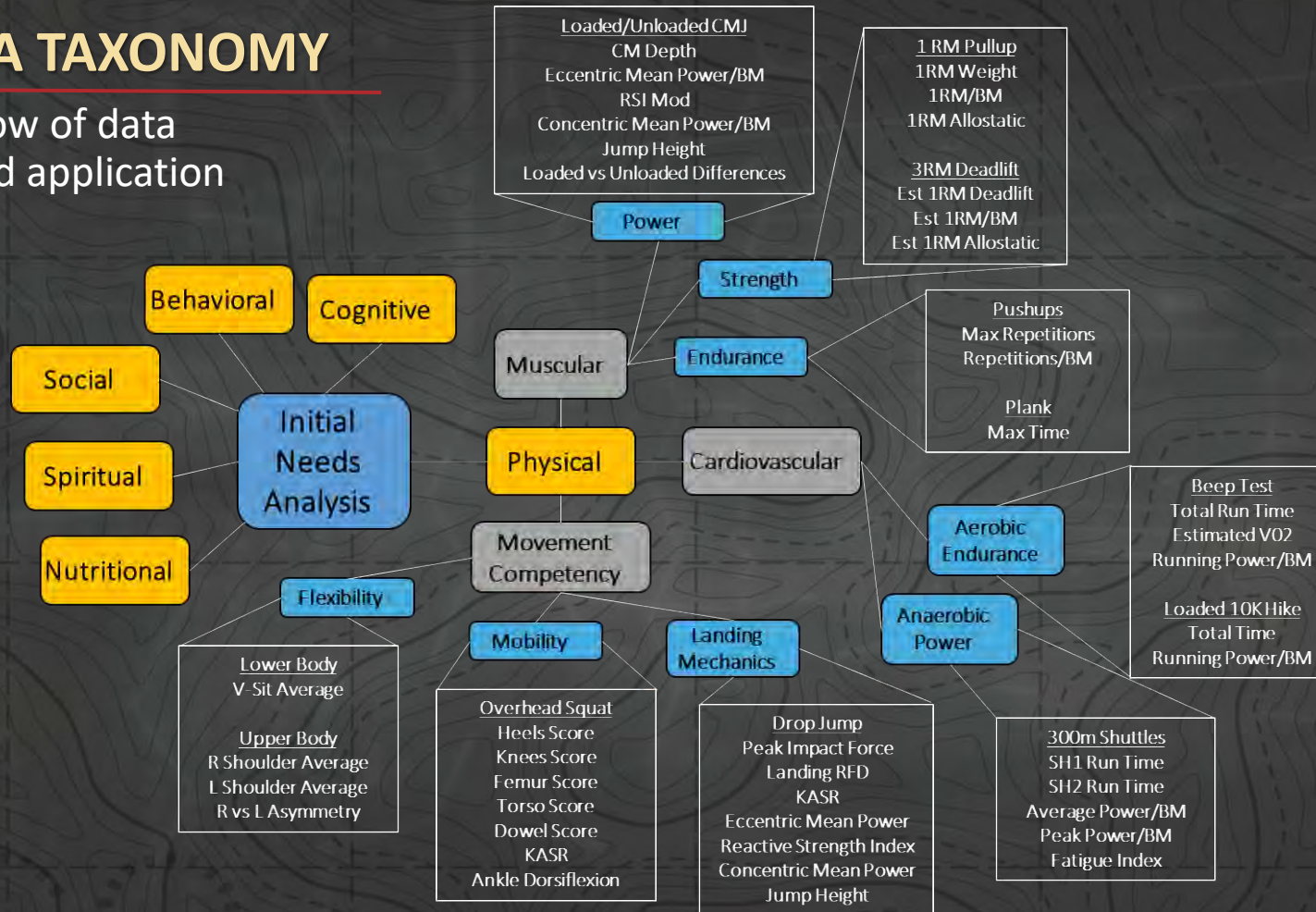


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# DATA DRIVEN ARCHITECTURE

## DATA TAXONOMY

- Visualized flow of data elements and application



Mission Demands + Performer Profile

Training Needs

Programming

Monitoring

The First Component is ALWAYS Personnel

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# NEEDS ANALYSIS



## COMMAND OBJECTIVES

\*Examples for spurring ideas

### Unit Readiness

- Training Records
- Injury Status
- Pillar Status

### Practitioner Utilization

- Time to service
- Cost of service
- Facility/Provider Usage

## PRACTITIONER OBJECTIVES

### Injury Status

- History of Evaluations / Rehab
- Progression to RTD

### Training Load Monitoring

- Training evolution tracking
- Mileage / Caloric Expenditure

### Progression Over Time

- Strength / Cardio Adaptations
- Force Development Progression

## TACTICAL ATHLETE OBJECTIVES

### Performance Over Time

- Strength / Power Production
- Body Composition

### Meaningful Training Load / Recovery

- Understanding daily training load in context
- Interaction between TL and Recovery

### Historical Records

- Record of provider encounters over time for post-separation

**HAVE A PURPOSE. DO NOT COLLECT DATA FOR THE SAKE OF COLLECTING DATA.**

2020 | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | 2021



**PHASE ONE** -DIVE INTO HISTORICAL DATA  
 -ASSESS READINESS/RESILIENCY  
 -WEEK 0: IOC | WEEK 12: SOFT-PILOT WEARABLES FOR LOGISTICS

**PHASE TWO** -ASSESS READINESS/RESILIENCY  
 -GRADUATION FROM TBS  
 -WEEK 0: IOC | WEEK 12: ROLL OUT WEARABLES TO ENTIRE CLASS  
 -CAPTURE IOC DYNAMICS & IDENTIFY EMPIRICAL MARKERS OF SUCCESS

**PHASE THREE** -ASSESS READINESS/RESILIENCY  
 TBS MOS SELECTION, GRADUATION, IOC WEEK 0, WEEK 12  
 -EDUCATE AND SUPPORT @ MOS SELECTION  
 TACTICAL STRENGTH & CONDITIONING, RECOVERY OPTIMIZATION  
 -HOLISTIC READINESS  
 -CAPTURE IOC DYNAMICS

**PHASE FOUR** -REPEAT ACROSS MULTIPLE ITERATIONS  
 -COLLATE & REPORT ANALYTICS  
 -PROVIDE DATA-DRIVEN PROCESS OPTIMIZATION



# SMARTABASE DASHBOARD

- 01 END-USER -> EDUCATE ON OWN DYNAMICS
- 02 SUPPORT STAFF -> DAILY TRIAGE AND CORRECTIVES
- 03 COMMANDER -> TOTAL FORCE READINESS STATUS

# PROGRAM GOALS

- > IDENTIFY MARKERS OF IOC SUCCESS VS. FAILURE
- > QUANTIFY WORKLOAD / RECOVERY DYNAMICS
- > DEVELOP DATABASE DRIVEN PREDICTIVE ALGORITHMS
- > PREPARE LIEUTENANTS THROUGH EDUCATION AND PROGRAMMING

# END STATE

AN OPTIMIZED SELECTION AND TRAINING PIPELINE



HANDS ON BASELINE ASSESSMENT



HANDS-OFF DAILY WORK LOAD/RECOVERY MONITORING

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# TACTICAL DEMANDS → QUANTIFIABLE MEASURES



## ISOMETRIC MID-THIGH PULL

Lifting equipment or body drag - peak forces i.e. maximal strength



## DROP JUMP

Landing from elevated terrain - landing forces and reactive strength index



## COUNTER MOVEMENT JUMP

Jumping over a high obstacle - scaled power modRSI, jump height

# SELECTING THE RIGHT TOOLS

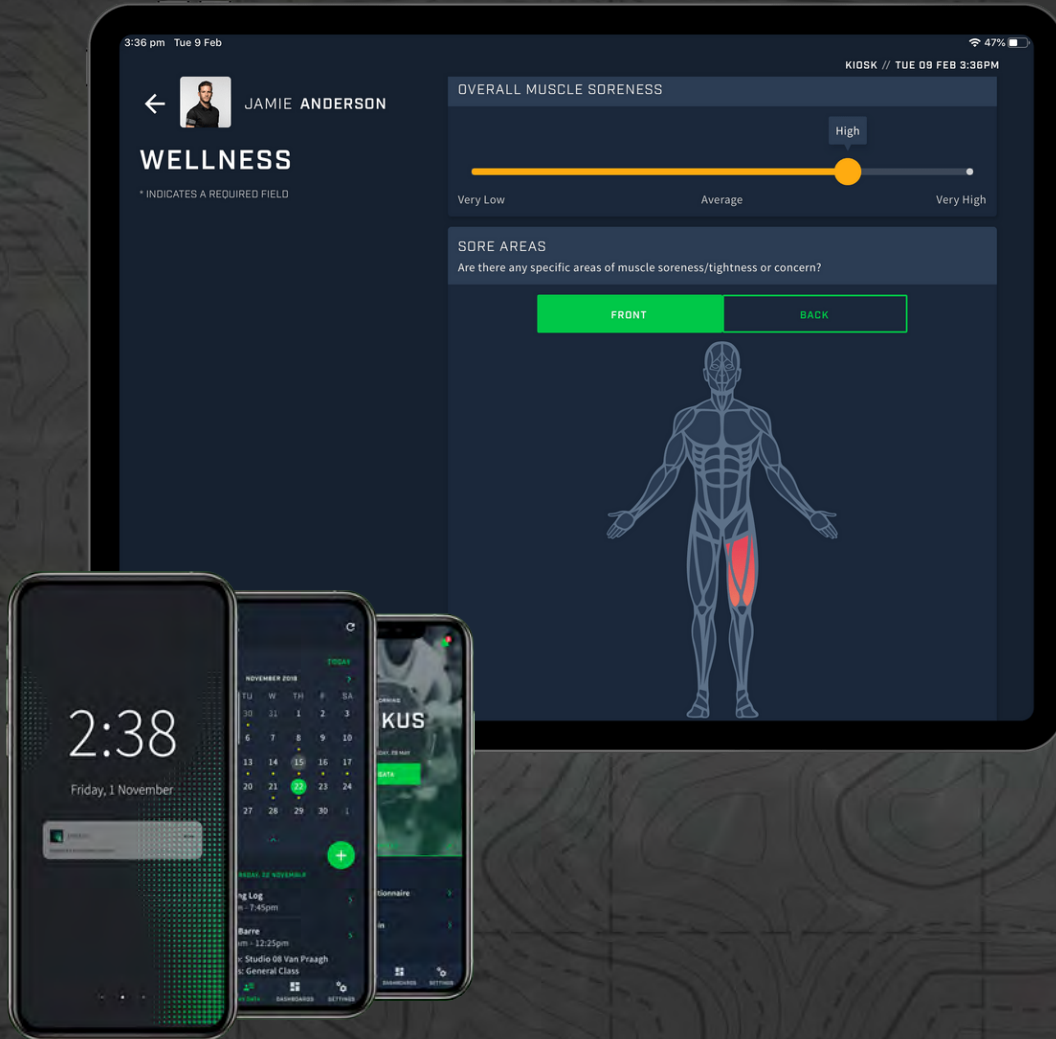


| ACCURACY  | RELIABILITY  | LOGISTICS   |
|---|--|---|
| <p><b>Raw Data</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>High-resolution non or lightly processed data. I.E. Beat to beat heart rate</li> </ul> <p><b>Summary Data</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Session or test-based metrics. I.E. Jump height, AVG heart rate, Caloric Expenditure</li> </ul> <p><b>Common Measures</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>LCC = Lin's Concordance Correlation</li> <li>MAPE = Mean Absolute Percentage Error</li> <li>Histograms w/ % Errors</li> </ul> | <p><b>Measure Repeatability</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Does each device give you the same results?</li> <li>Does each test/repetition give the same results?</li> </ul> <p><b>Common Measures</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CV = Coefficient of Variation</li> <li>MAPE = Mean Average Percent Error</li> <li>ICC = IntraClass Correlation Coefficient</li> </ul> | <p><b>Cost</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cost per unit (if hardware)</li> <li>Licensing costs (if software). Per user? Per seat? Both?</li> </ul> <p><b>Data to Decisions</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Time to setup, run test(s)</li> <li>Time to process data – manual or automated?</li> <li>Time to final visualization and/or export</li> </ul> <p><b>Reliability (Hardware, Software)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>How likely is the hardware to be faulty, software to crash?</li> <li>This will be a live and learn – reach out to your network</li> </ul> |

**GARBAGE IN = GARBAGE OUT**

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# SUBJECTIVE INSIGHTS



**Subjective Wellness:** Measurement of key indicators of personal health and wellness. Can be custom designed to fit Unit needs

- **SORENESS / PAIN** = Body area diagrams to identify areas and pain ratings for each. Can identify both acute and chronic issues
- **FATIGUE / ENERGY** = Rating overall energy and/or fatigue state
- **SLEEP QUALITY** = Understanding how restorative sleep was, which can add insight even with a sleep wearable
- **STRESS / MOOD STATE** = While some wearables can accurately measure stress indicators like HRV, this type of question helps to tease out the mental component of stress/recovery
- **INJURIES** = Way to communicate with HP staff about any new or nagging injuries
- **RECOVERY TRACKING** = Tally of what recovery modalities/interventions were completed the day before. Allows for potential analysis for prescriptive recovery based on individual physiological and subjective needs

# TRAINING LOAD / RECOVERY



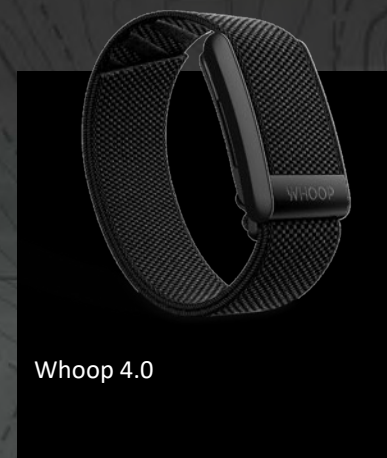
Oura GEN 3 Ring



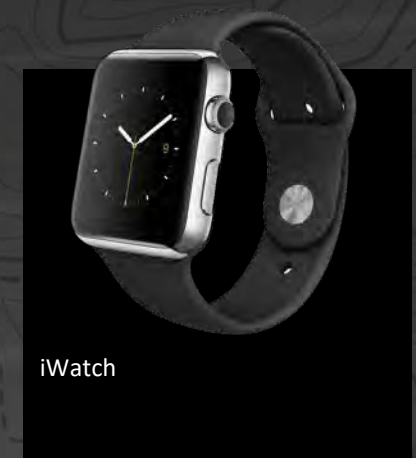
Garmin Fenix / Tactix



Polar GritX



Whoop 4.0



iWatch

**TRAINING LOAD:** Quantification of physiological and/mechanical workload from training and all-day activity

- **INTERNAL** = Physiological cost of producing the work accomplished in training and daily activity
  - Heart Rate
  - Subjective Rate of Perceived Exertion
- **EXTERNAL** = Mechanical work done by the body during training and daily activity
  - Distance (miles or steps)
  - Speed / Pace

**SLEEP/RECOVERY:** Objective measurements of sleep quantity/quality, and physiological indicators of recovery

- **SLEEP** = Quantify the amount of sleep
  - Quantity: Hours actually asleep
  - Quality: Total Time Asleep / Total Time in Bed
  - Circadian Rhythm: Timing of sleep
- **SLEEP PHYSIOLOGY** = Indication of overall physiological stress/recovery through cardiac and autonomic nervous system measures
  - Heart Rate
  - Heart Rate Variability
  - Respiration Rate, Temperature

**When selected and used properly, wearables can provide objective insight into Training Load and Recovery**

status

- data collection underway
- preliminary analysis available
- data collection underway
- preliminary analysis available
- started Mar 7
- pilot analysis available
- publication in draft
- data collection underway started Feb 1
- pilot testing underway

### 01

#### Body Composition Devices

- > Bio-impedance (BIA) scales are cheaper and faster alternatives to DXA for body composition
- > **Is BodyFat % comparable across popular BIA commercial scales?**
- > Can BIA adequately assess hydration status?

### 02

#### SpO2 Wearables

- > New versions of wearables are including blood oxygen levels (SpO<sub>2</sub>)
- > While applicability of SpO<sub>2</sub> data in healthy servicemembers is not well understood, we need to know how accurate this new trend is in commercial wearables
- > **Is SpO<sub>2</sub> accurate in wrist-based wearables?**

### 03

#### "R Scores" in Wearables

- > Multiple consumer wearables have proprietary single scores, like "Readiness", "Recovery", "ReCharge" etc.
- > **Do these scores correlate with each other across devices?**
- > **Are these scores indicative of performance, both objective and subjective?**

### 04

#### Heart rate devices - Tactical Movements

- > While validation studies on heart rate devices are common in literature, almost no work has been published for tactically relevant movements
- > Direct validation of multiple consumer heart rate devices, both strap and wrist based, in tactical movements
- > **Can consumer heart rate devices provide accurate data for tactically relevant movements? If so, which ones and what types?**

### 05


#### Heart rate devices - Crowd Sourced

- > New hardware and firmware upgrades are constantly being released in consumer HR devices
- > The speed of traditional research does not match the speed of device upgrades
- > 10-15 subjects will continuously wear multiple devices, workout 5-7x per week
- > **Continually report out HR accuracy of popular devices**

### 06

#### Sleep Devices - Crowd Sourced

- > New sleep algorithms are constantly being released in consumer trackers
- > Same concept as 05 - this requires continuous data acquisition to keep up with speed of hardware, firmware, algorithm upgrades
- > **Continually report out sleep accuracy of popular devices**



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# Gold Standard Validation Projects

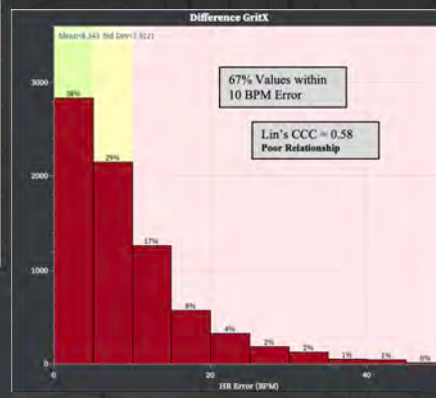
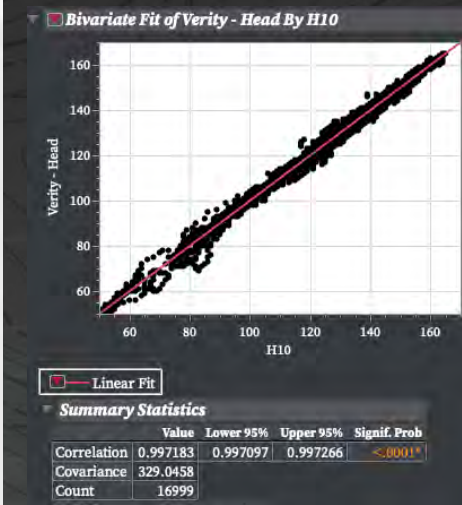
**Objective:** Communicate project goals and progress on all Human Performance device validation projects from AFRL STRONG Lab

### Updates - Mar 28, 2022

- Non-Human Subjects Research approval IRB in place (AFRL)
- Eight projects started data collection
- One project completed: HR Tactical Movements



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started Mar 7


- testing started mid-Feb

- preliminary analysis available

- testing started Dec

- preliminary analysis available

- testing started preliminary analysis available



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### 07

#### Motion Capture Devices

- > New markerless motion capture technologies are being released that provide mobility / movement assessments
- > Traditionally this has been done using expensive and highly complicated marker-based camera systems
- > **Can markerless mo-cap systems provide accurate mobility / movement assessments?**

### 08

#### Heart Rate - Pool based training

- > Pool based tactical training is prevalent across the DoD
- > Little work has been done to understand the accuracy of consumer heart rate devices in pool training
- > **What heart rate devices can provide accurate information in pool training?**

### 09

#### Activity (HR, calories) - STRONG

- > Wearables provide both real time heart rate and session-based data (calories, avg/min/max HR)
- > Subjects in STRONG Lab cohort studies will wear multiple activity wearables and compare against a Polar H10 reference
- > **How do various activity wearables compare against each other?**
- > **How accurate is heart rate across various wearables?**
- > \*Complimentary to Crowd Sourced HR study. N = 50, 5 days/week training

### 10

#### Polar/Garmin watch additional features

- > Polar watches have some additional features such as VO2 Max and Jump Height assessments built in
- > **How do Polar and Garmin VO2 Max assessment compare to metabolic cart?**
- > **How does Polar jump assessment compare to force plate?**

### 11


#### Oura Gen 2 v Gen 3

- > Oura released Generation 3 ring hardware in late 2021
- > Marketed upgrades include: Improved sleep algorithm, all day heart rate, session-based heart rate, SpO<sub>2</sub>
- > **Are these new features functional?**
- > **What data quality differences exist between Gen 2 and 3?**

### 12

#### Sleep Physiology

- > Several commercial sleep devices (Oura, Polar, Whoop) measure sleep physiology (heart rate, heart rate variability, respiration rate)
- > Few to no studies have been done to assess these sleep physio metrics
- > **Is HR reliable/accurate across the devices**
- > **Is HRV reliable/accurate across the devices**
- > **Is Respiration Rate reliable/accurate across the devices**



STRONG Lab



Peterson (MS, ATC), Lyrla (MS, RSCC), Thompson (PhD, MS), Hagen (PhD, MS)  
*Evolution through Evaluation*

**2022 NSCA TACTICAL ANNUAL TRAINING**

# RELIABILITY AND PROCEDURES



| CONDITIONS   | CONTEXT   | PROCEDURES  |
|--|---|---|
| <p><b>Testing Location</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• For field testing – take factors like temperature into account</li><li>• If technology, take location into account (i.e. indoors vs. outdoors for GPS devices, floor types for force plates etc.)</li></ul> | <p><b>Time of Day</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Early AM vs. Late PM – impact of current day training if PM</li></ul> <p><b>Recent Training Profile</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• What was training like day/week before?</li></ul> <p><b>CONSISTENCY</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• For repeated measures, whether measuring same tactical athletes over time, or comparing groups – KEEP IT CONSISTENT</li></ul> | <p><b>Warm-Ups</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Consistent Tactical Athlete WarmUp procedures</li></ul> <p><b>Equipment Set-Up / Running</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Some equipment needs to “Warm Up”</li><li>• Consistent set up areas when possible</li><li>• Trained personnel running equipment</li></ul> <p><b>Documentation</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Proper labeling and note taking during data collections. I.E. bad reps need to be noted and removed</li></ul> |

**ACCURATE TOOLS CAN PROVIDE INACCURATE RESULTS**

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